

Birinchi guruh elementlari (Ishqoriy metallar)

Mavzu rejasi

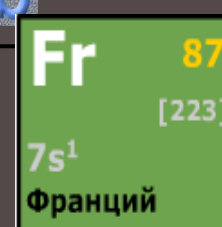
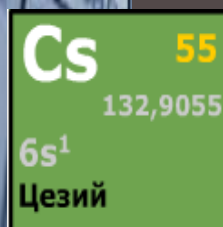
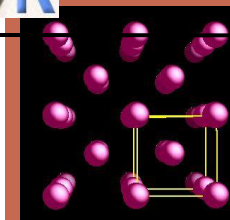
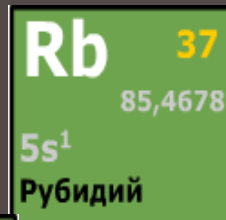
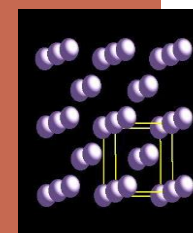
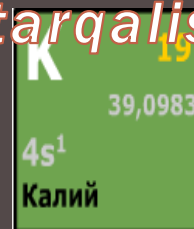
Elementlar ning umumiy tavsifi

Elementlar ning tabiatda tarqalishi

Elementlar ning Olinishi

Fizik hossalari

Kimyoviy hossalari

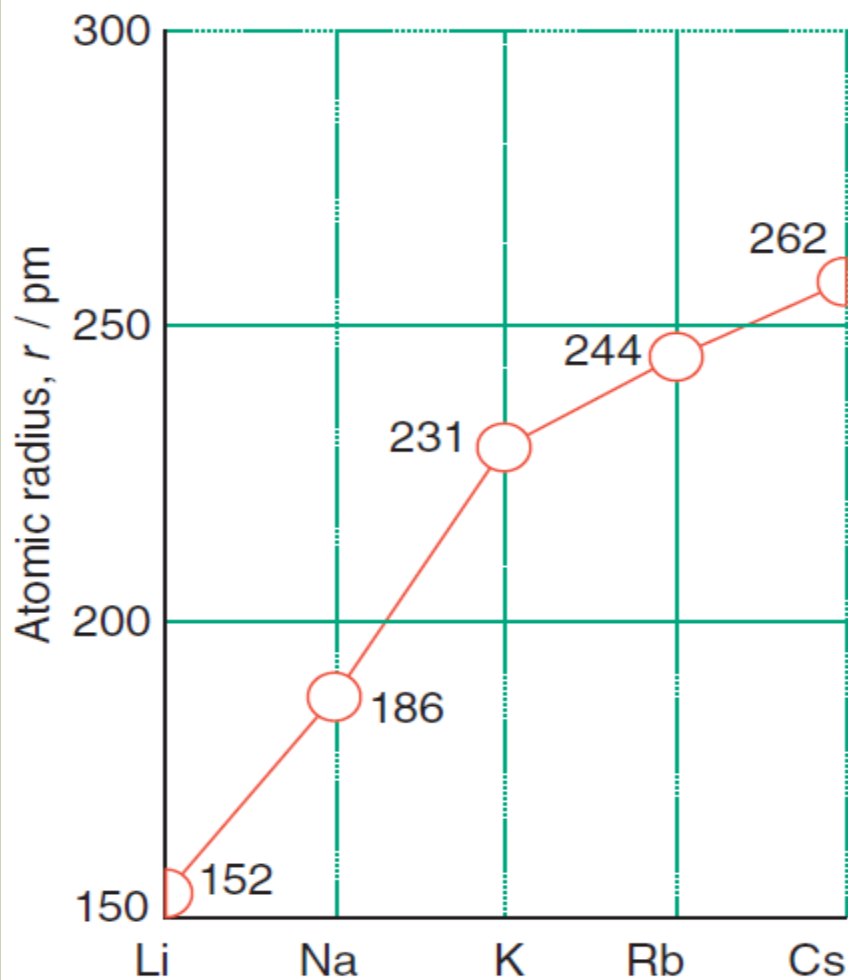


BIRINCHI GURUX ELEMENTLARI UMUMIY HOSSALARI

Element	Ar	Elektron qavati	Tashqi qavatidagi elektroni	Atom radiusi	Kimyoviy faolligi	Qaytaruvchilik hossasi
Li	7	)	2s ¹	o r t a d i	o r t a d i	o r t a d i
Na	23	))	3s ¹			
K	39	)))	4s ¹			
Rb	85	))))	5s ¹			
Cs	137	)))))	6s ¹			
Fr	[223]	))))))	7s ¹			

Atom radiusini ortib borish grafigi

			H					18
								He
1	2	13	14	15	16	17		
Li	Be	B	C	N	O	F	Ne	
Na	Mg							
K	Ca							
Rb	Sr							
Cs	Ba							
Fr	Ra							



TABIATDA TARQALISHI VA OLINISHI

NaCl –osh (tosh) tuzi

$\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$ – glauber tuzi

$\text{KCl} \cdot \text{NaCl}$ – silvinit

$\text{KCl} \cdot \text{MgCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ – karnalit



Tosh tuz

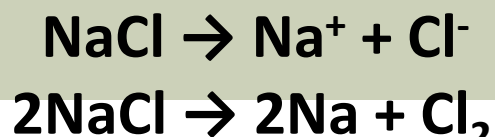
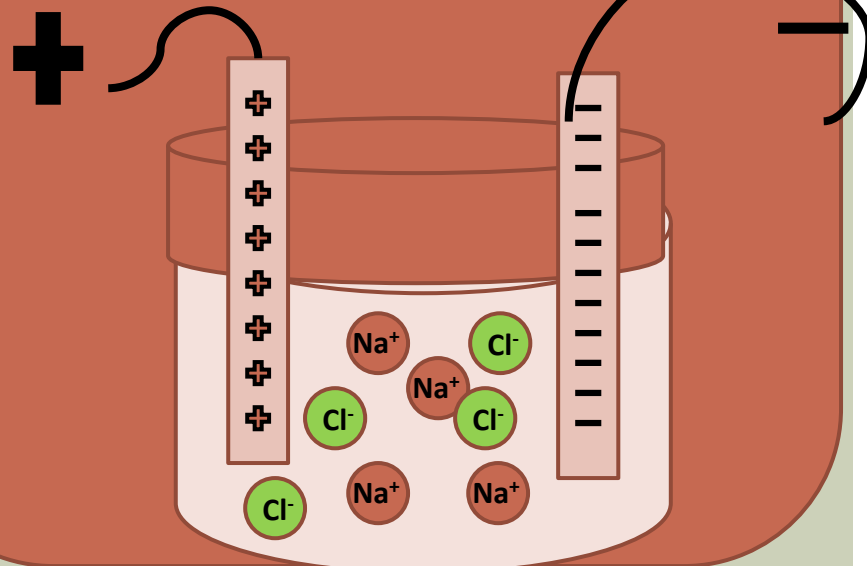
Glauber tuzi

Silvinit

Karnallit

OLINISHI

TUZLARI SUYQLANMASI ELEKTROLIZ



FIZIK XOSSALARI

Seziy ampulada
Suyuq tem 28.4
kaftda eriydi

Ishqoriy metallar

Tez
suyuqlanuvchan

yumshoq

Kumushrang - oq

Rubidiy ampulada



Kaliy yumshoq
metall



Natriy yumsoq pichoq
bilan kesiladi



Alanga Rangini bo'yashi

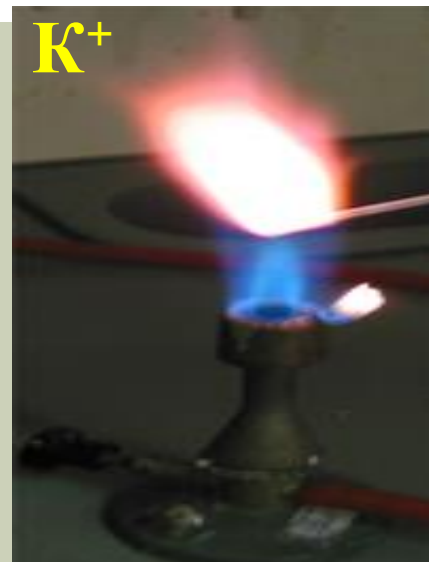
Li^+



Na^+



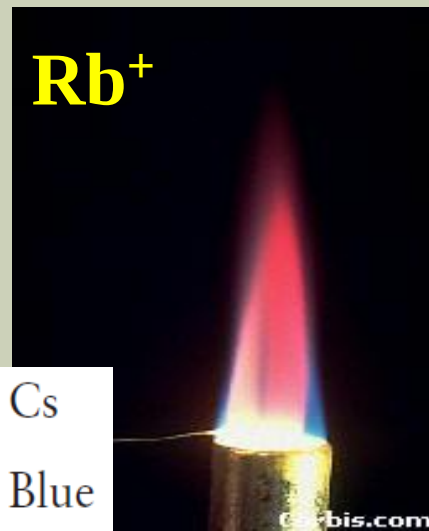
K^+



Cs^+



Rb^+



Li

Na

K

Rb

Cs

Crimson

Yellow

Red to violet

Violet

Blue

AGREGAT HOLATLARIDAGI VA GALOGENLI BIRIKMALARINI ENTALPIYA O'ZGARISHLARI

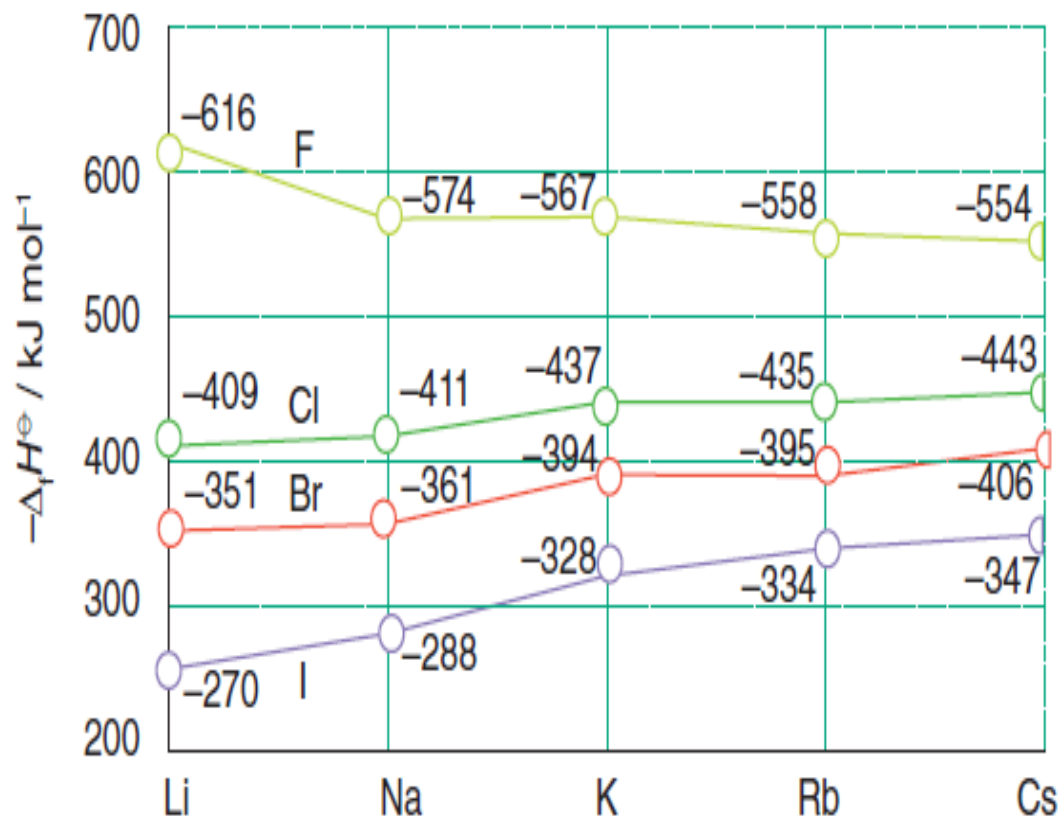
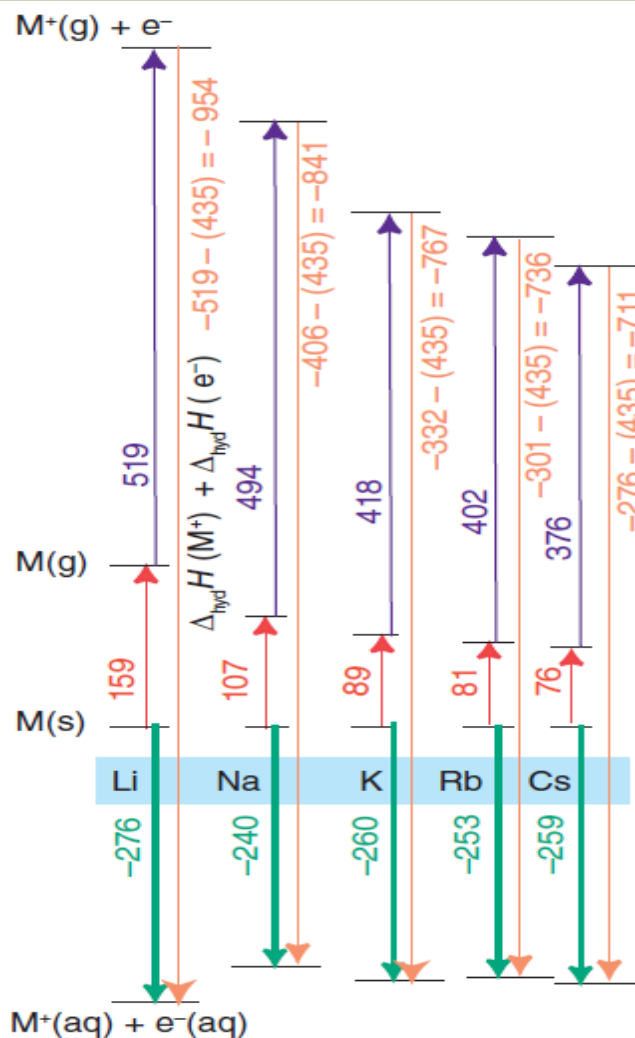


Figure 11.6 The standard enthalpies of formation of the halides of Group 1 elements at 298 K.

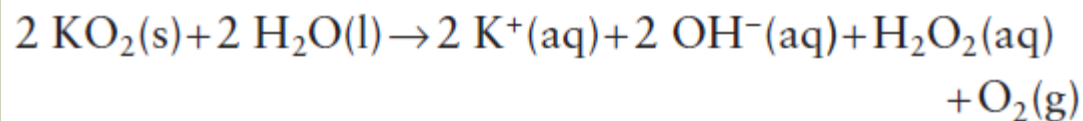
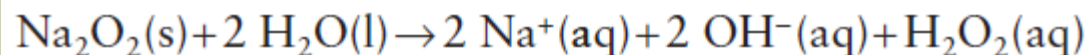
KIMYOVIIY XOSSALARI

- фақат Li: $2\text{Li} + 2\text{C} \rightarrow \text{Li}_2\text{C}_2$,
- $2\text{Э} + \text{H}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{ЭH}$,
- $2\text{Э} + \text{Г}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{ЭГ}$ ($\text{Г} = \text{F}, \text{Cl}, \text{Br}, \text{I}$),
- $4\text{Li} + \text{O}_2(\text{mo'l}) \rightarrow 2\text{Li}_2\text{O}$,
- $2\text{Na} + \text{O}_2(\text{mo'l}) \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{O}_2$,
- $\text{Э} + \text{O}_2(\text{mo'l}) \rightarrow \text{ЭO}_2$ ($\text{Э} = \text{K}, \text{Rb}, \text{Cs}$),
- $3\text{Э} + \text{P} \rightarrow \text{Э}_3\text{P}$,
- $6\text{Э} + \text{N}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Э}_3\text{N}$ (Li sovuqda),
- $2\text{Э} + \text{S} \rightarrow 2\text{Э}_2\text{S}$,
- $\text{Э} + \text{S} \rightarrow \text{Э}_2\text{S}_n$ [$n_{\text{max}} = 2(\text{Li}), 5(\text{Na}), 6(\text{K}, \text{Rb}, \text{Cs})$],
- $\text{Э} + \text{Me} \rightarrow \text{qotishma va intermetallar}$.



Kimyoviy xossalari

- $2\text{Na} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow 2\text{NaCl} + \text{H}_2$,
- $2\text{Na} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{NaOH} + \text{H}_2$,
- $2\text{Na} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{H}_2$,
- $4\text{Na} + 6\text{HNO}_{3(\text{kons})} \rightarrow 4\text{NaNO}_3 + \text{N}_2\text{O} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$,
- $2\text{Na} + 2\text{NaOH} \rightarrow 2\text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{H}_2$,
- $2\text{Na} + 2\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \rightarrow 2\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{ONa} + \text{H}_2$,
- $2\text{Na} + 2\text{NH}_{3(\text{g})} \rightarrow 2\text{NaNH}_2 + \text{H}_2$,
- metal amidlari
- $2\text{Na} + 2\text{NH}_{3(\text{suyuq})} \xrightarrow{\text{katalizator} - \text{Pt, Fe}^{3+}} 2\text{NaNH}_2 + \text{H}_2$,



ISHLATILISHI

Natriy xlorning (0,9%) tibbiyotda fizologik eritma sifatida



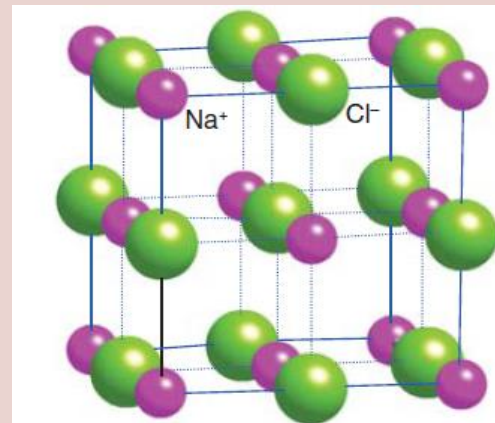
Ichimlik sodasi pishiriq pishirishga va osh tuzi oziq ovqat sanoatida



Kaliyli birikmalar o'g'itlar sifatida

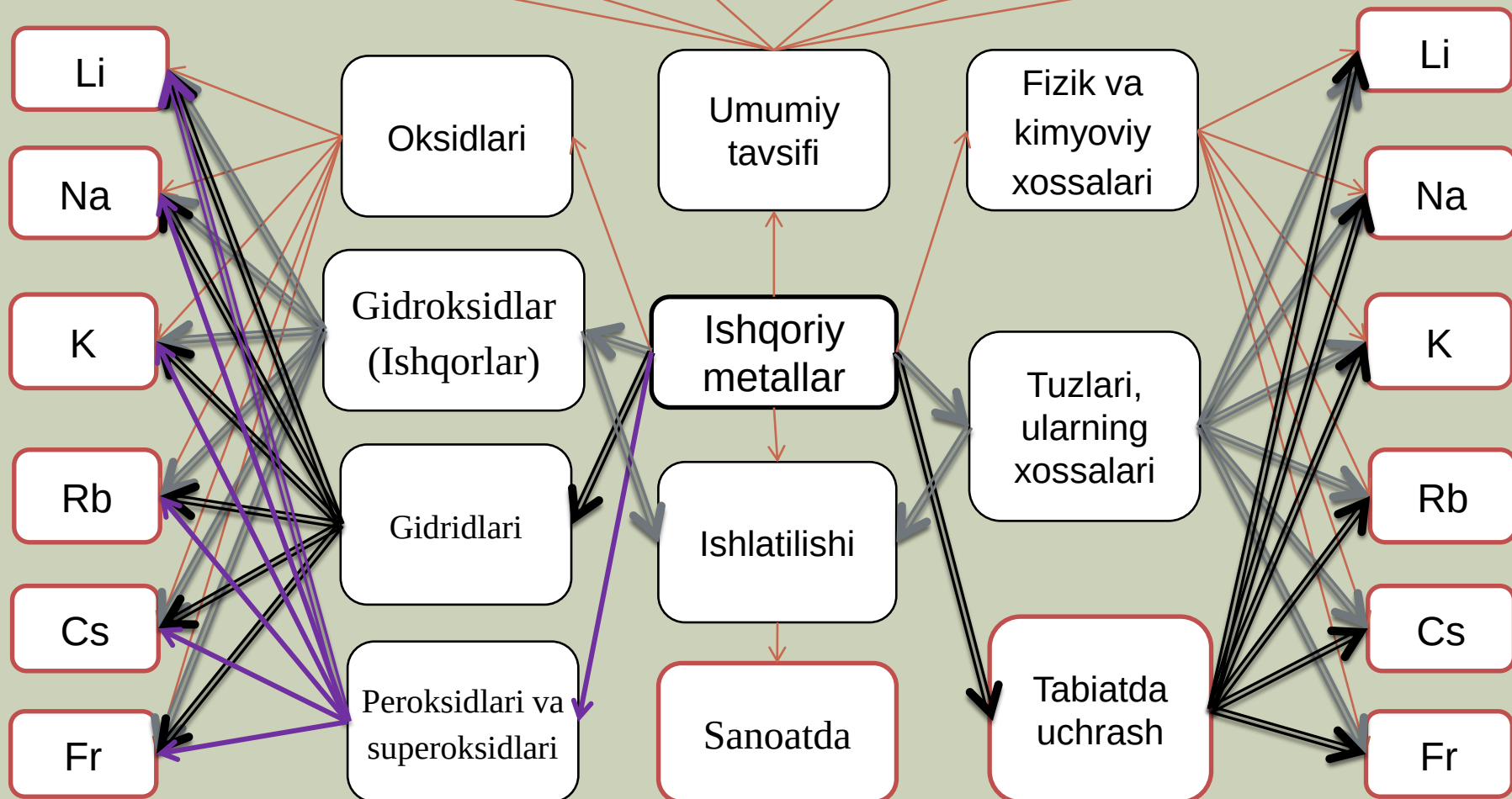


Li 10 %
Na 0,08%
K 0,23%
Rb 10 %
Cs 10 %



Ishqoriy metallarga oid ma'lumotlar asosida klaster

Li Na K Rb Cs Fr



TOPSHIRIQNI BAJARING. REAKSIYA TENGLAMASINI YOZING.

1 variant



3 Variant M=Li,Cs

2 variant



4 Variat

